ABSTRACT

The importance of the open-green spaces, the indicator of civilization and standard of living, in urban life has been gradually increasing for years. In this context, Isparta city has been living through this process by developing its economical, social, cultural and ecological life since the year of establishment (1992) of Süleyman Demirel University. The fast urbanization in Isparta, has especially brought some important changes in social and cultural life of the urban and increased the needs of recreation and green areas.

As the average amount of the active open-green spaces are 3 squaremeters per capita of the urban, the planned areas such as playgrounds and gardens of child, urban parks of Isparta city in the terms of quality and quantity are inadequate to meet the recreational needs of the inhabitants. It is estimated that potential of the open-green spaces of Isparta urban together with the main road, graveyards, botanical garden, urban forests and groves and other the open-green spaces could be reached to 14.6 squaremeters per capita. It will be possible that Isparta has a modern and green urban by means of a process to be put into planning, designing and management by taking into consideration the ecological, scientifical, and technical criteria for raising the quality and quantity of the open-green spaces of the urban.

Keywords: Isparta Urban, Urban Open-Green Spaces