Stafne bone cavity (SBC) also known as lingual mandibular bone defect, static bone
cyst and

idiopathic bone cavity is a bone cavity of the mandible containing salivary gland or
other soft tissues

like connective tissue, fat, lymphoid tissue, muscle or blood vessels. SBC is generally
encountered

incidentally on plain film radiographs with a cystlike appearance. Although plain film
radiographs are

often sufficient for diagnosis, they may not be definitive when the lesion is atypical.
Thus, in cases

which the plain film findings are not completely diagnostic, confirmatory evaluation with
sialography,

cone beam CT (CBCT), CT or MRI is warranted. The purpose of this report is to
describe radiographic

characteristics of 13 patients with SBC that one of them was on ramus mandible and
the other one

was located to the buccal posterior surface of the mandible as rare entities.