Natural dyes are the materials acquired by various methods from plant roots, skins, branches or from fruits’ and vegetables’ seeds and flowers. Dyes are known as the materials that are used with the aim of dyeing substances, decorating or saving them. Dyes have been used since the early ages. In Aksaray and around, besides various plants, foliages and fruits; different natural dyes are also used. Various plants and fruits are used in dyeing with natural dyes, generally in rural regions, especially in the regions where rug-carpet weaving is carried out. Most of the people in rural regions don’t use technology in dyeing, they use hand-dyeing as in old times; however, most of them use technology in dyeing. For example, in Taspinar, the women do dyeing by boiling in the cauldrons, but in Sultanhanı the people who are advanced in dyeing and professional in their jobs do dyeing by specially designed equipments. In natural dyeing in Aksaray, besides the fruits and plants such as pelite, grape leaf, onion skin, walnut shell, sloe, immortelle, flax thorn, daisy, black mulberry, woald; the plant is also used that is known as Indigo and Rubia tinctorum and generally grown in Mediterranean, West and Central Anatolian.