In this study, the Yozgat Çamlıș National Park is handled. This park was protected by the decision of the Council of Ministers in 1958 due to its resource values and which offered recreation in the city. But it was negatively affected areas due to urbanization. The main motivation of this study are the development of the mentioned national park, the situation of the existing tourism and recreational activities, the positive or negative effects of this activities, and the effects of the urbanization process of the last 50 years on the national park. For this purpose, urban development maps belong to different years are generated to evaluate urban development by using the Long Term Development Plan (LTDP) of national park and the zoning plans of Yozgat province.