Objective; Trauma is one of the main causes of deaths throughout the world. Falls, a type of trauma are considered among blunt traumas and rank 2nd after traffic accidents. In our study, we aimed to provide data that would offer insights for preventive programs that would be implemented in the future, by determining the demographic characteristics and results of trauma cases with a history of falling who had presented to the emergency department of our hospital.

Material and Method; A total of 1433 cases who presented to the emergency department between January 2016 and May 2017 due to a fall were evaluated retrospectively. The cases gender, age, mechanism of injury, affected body part and outcome parameters were recorded. Chi-square analysis was utilized during statistical comparisons of categorical variables, and descriptive statistics were presented in frequencies (%). P<0.05 was considered statistically significant.